# The TDL Group Gender Pay Report for 2020 for HSL and TDL INTRODUCTION

Gender pay reporting legislation requires employers with 250 or more employees to publish statutory calculations every year, showing how wide the pay gap is between their male and female employees. This report sets out the results for the TDL Group.

#### WHAT IS THE GENDER PAY GAP?

A gender pay gap is a measure of the difference in the average pay of men and women – regardless of the nature of their work – across an entire organisation, business sector, industry, or the economy as a whole. It is the result of the different number of men and women across all roles.

It is different from an equal pay comparison, which is a direct comparison of two people or groups of people carrying out the same, similar or equivalent work.

## UNDERSTANDING THE GENDER PAY GAP

#### HOW ARE THE MEDIAN AND MEAN GAPS CALCULATED?

Using the calculations set out in the gender pay gap reporting regulations, we have taken pay data from our entire business of nearly 2,100 staff at April 2020. This data includes many different roles and a variety of rates of pay. Imagine all of our female employees stood next to each other in a line, in order of lowest hourly rate of pay to highest, and visualise all of our male employees doing the same. The median gender pay gap is the difference in pay between

the female employee in the middle of her line and the male employee in the middle of his line.

The other measure is the mean gender pay gap, which shows the difference in average hourly rate of pay between men and women. This is also affected by the different numbers of men and women in different roles.

These median and mean calculations are also carried out when comparing bonus pay over a twelve-month period. The proportion of men and women awarded any bonus pay over that period is also reported.

## HOW ARE THE PAY QUARTILES CALCULATED?

In this report, we also show the percentage of men and women in each pay quartile. Quartiles are calculated by listing the rates of pay for each employee across the business from lowest to highest, before splitting that list into four equalsized groups and calculating the percentage of males and females in each. This should not be confused with an employee's position within the pay ranges set for each role.

#### WHAT'S INCLUDED IN OUR CALCULATIONS?

Calculations of mean and median pay and of quartile pay bands are based on data from April 2020 only, including ordinary pay and bonus pay.

**Ordinary pay** is not limited to basic pay, but also includes other types of pay, such as pay for working unsocial hours and shift premium pay. It does not include pay for overtime, pay relating to redundancy/termination of employment or the value of benefits which are not in the form of money.

**Bonus pay** includes any additional pay relating to commission, productivity, or performance. Calculations of mean and median bonus pay use bonus pay from the twelve months ending on 5 April 2020.

## An Overview of our Company

The TDL Group is made up of a number of entities providing clinical pathology services. There are two main employers, The Doctors Laboratory (TDL) and the Health Services Laboratories (HSL), which we review in more detail later. While these are separate employers, the senior management and leadership, and many of the common corporate functions,

are provided to both entities by TDL employees. For that reason, we show the gender pay gap calculations both jointly and separately, as the first provides an accurate reflection of how our company works in practice, while the second meets the statutory reporting requirements. Looking at our total UK workforce, our results show the following:

# TDL Group Gender Pay Gap

Mean Pay Gap	-0.55%	Median Pay Gap	-4.52%
Gender Bonus Pay Gap	-31.91%		

# Proportion of Men and Women Paid a Bonus

Proportion of males receiving a bonus	18.78%
Proportion of females receiving a bonus	13.98%

## Population by Pay Quartiles for the TDL Group

The proportion of males and females in each quartile is as follows:

	Number	%	Number	%
	of Males	of Males	of Females	of Females
Proportion of males to females in the upper quartile	182	38.32%	293	61.68%
Proportion of males to females in the upper middle quartile	187	39.37%	288	60.63%
Proportion of males to females in the lower middle quartile	198	41.68%	277	58.32%
Proportion of males to females in the lower quartile	196	41.26%	279	58.74%

We have two main employing entities that we are required to report separately. The individual results are set out below.

	HSL	TDL		
Company description	Joint venture providing pathology services to NHS partners and	Independent provider of clinical laboratory diagnostic services in the		
	customers	UK		
Gender pay gap	Mean Pay Gap: -1.25%	Mean Pay Gap: 0.61%		
	Median Pay Gap: -10.58%	Median Pay Gap: -1.19%		
Gender pay bonus	Mean Bonus Pay Gap: 48.91%	Mean Bonus Pay Gap: -62.07%		
	Median Bonus Pay Gap: 0%	Median Bonus Gap: 0%		
Proportion of men and women	Proportion of males receiving a	Proportion of males receiving a		
paid a bonus	bonus: 5.90%	bonus: 35.24%		
	Proportion of females receiving a	Proportion of females receiving a		
	bonus: 6.46%	bonus: 25.53%		

#### HSL Population by Pay Quartiles

	Number of	% of	Number of Females	% of
	Males	Males		Females
Proportion of males to females	100	36.36%	175.00	63.64%
in the upper quartile				
Proportion of males to females	98	35.77%	176	64.23%
in the upper middle quartile				
Proportion of males to females	105	38.32%	169	61.68%
in the lower middle quartile				
Proportion of males to females	107.00	41.31%	152.00	58.69%
in the lower quartile				

## **TDL Population by Pay Quartiles**

	Number of	% of	Number of Females	% of
	Males	Males		Females
Proportion of males to females	86	42.79%	115	57.21%
in the upper quartile				
Proportion of males to females	83	41.29%	118	58.71%
in the upper middle quartile				
Proportion of males to females	97	48.26%	104	51.74%
in the lower middle quartile				
Proportion of males to females	77	38.31%	124	61.69%
in the lower quartile				

## Our Plans to Improve our Gender Balance

We are pleased to report our Gender Pay Gap at April 2020, and the work we have put into ensuring our workforce are equally treated and equally paid is yielding great results at this point.

We are pleased to announce that the results of our 2020 gender pay gap are an improvement on last year's figures. In our previous gender pay gap report at 5 April 2019, we reported a mean gender pay gap of 3.30% and our median gender pay gap was 1.62%. Our analysis this year shows that the overall difference between men and women's earnings based on hourly rates of pay at 5 April 2020 is -0.55% (mean) or -4.52% (median).

We will always ensure fair access to all regarding our staff recruitment, in line with best practice and getting the right person for a role. We are committed to ensuring that regular benchmarking of salary scales, recruitment and monitoring of our diverse workforce takes place in line with our Core Values.

We are committed to fair and equal pay irrespective of gender and aim to continue to improve our gender pay gap. As an organisation, we plan to promote policies and initiatives to support equal opportunities for our entire workforce. The TDL Group continued to grow its business in 2019/20 and suffered a rather severe downturn in work at the start of the Covid-19 global pandemic. The baseline staffing numbers again changed for both the overall Group and HSL. The mean pay gap in particular has decreased, and both the mean and median pay is now in favour of woman earning more in this measurement.

At all levels of our company, we have more female employees than men, including in this many women taking up management and senior management roles, which are invariably better paid roles. However, in TDL, which continues to be the main employer of the senior executive team across the TDL group, our gender pay gap is 0.61%, meaning we pay men slightly more in this part of our organisation. Our aim is to achieve year-on-year improvement in our gender pay gap, and we are pleased to note some further small improvements. Overall, women make up the majority of

employees across all grades in both companies and our challenge is to continue to encourage greater representation of women at the most senior levels across the group. We are confident that we will maintain the excellent progress we have made towards achieving greater gender balance in our senior roles and our gender pay gap will not widen next year.

Some of the initiatives we undertake to support the organisation in reducing the gender pay gap include:

- Promoting an inclusive working culture by enhancing our training, guidance, and resources in relation to flexible working, family-friendly policies (including hybrid working for corporate staff) and bullying and harassment.
- We are investing heavily in leadership development and talent management to support promotion from within. In addition to our formal programmes, we are now using our internal coaching and mentoring programme to support the development of our female staff on a more individual basis.
- Conduct regular salary reviews to ensure our staff are paid the correct rates for the role they carry out and to ensure equality across all areas of our workforce.
- We have continued to promote our female role models both internally and externally, and have added an additional member to our Executive team, who is a senior female leader.
- Ensuring, where possible, those responsible for recruiting have undertaken Recruitment and Selection training, which includes clear guidance on equality and positive action.
- Working with line managers to ensure they are aware of their role in promoting equality, and are proactively supporting the career progression of women within their departments.
- Encouraging better conversations at the Annual Joint Review to ensure it removes any barriers that may exist, that are preventing career progression.

As a group that has grown quickly over recent years as a result of acquisition, our reward practices vary across our business due to transfers to us from different employers. The bonus pay gap demonstrates this difference. The overall gender bonus pay gap is -31.91%, which means that it is heavily in favour of women. Overall, we maintain a 0% median pay gap because there is no gender difference in the median bonus payments. HSL tends to reflect NHS terms and conditions where bonuses are not payable, with a few directly employed examples with different arrangements, while TDL reflects a more commercial model, and comparable to NHS terms and conditions for employees to reference. Therefore, the HSL mean bonus pay gap is 48.91% in favour of men, while TDL shows a mean bonus gap of -62.07% in favour of female employees. This means that women in TDL receive more favourable mean average bonus payments than men, while the position is reversed in HSL. Once these figures are calculated across the group, the overall gender bonus pay gap is in favour of women.

In 2021/22, we plan to continue to focus on wellbeing and equality. We will work towards improvement of access to training for all, with enhanced learning and development opportunities to promote growth and continuously review our terms and conditions. We believe that the promotion of these principles will assist in continuing to reduce our gender pay gap in future years.

The data in this document is accurate and in line with Government reporting regulations.

David Byrne TDL Group CEO September 2021